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rcial Printing.

HELENA, MONTANA TERRITORY, TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 12, 1889.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-It has been

learned the senate committee on foreign

relations has received no news of any out-

break at Panama, but deeming it best to be

prepared for any that might occur, decided

to ask for the passage of the bill which was

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THOMAS ALL RICHT.

The Plans of the Illinois Representative for the Construction of a

A CONTESTED ELECTION

priated to Protect Americans at Panama-The Clayton

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11 .- In the senate Dawes presented a petition from 120 Indian udents at Hampton, Va., against the connuance of the ration system to Indians as in encouragement to idleness, recommending their equivalent in farming implements. Sherman said he had been in structed by the committee on foreign relations to move an executive session. The motion was agreed to, and the senate proseeded to executive business.

In secret session the senate passed the following bill: "Be it enacted, etc., that of Arkansas, which culminated in the asthere be and is hereby appropriated out of

THE HOUSE.

BOB SLEDS.

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FINE HAND-MADE

CIAGO STILLES

Verification of the construction of two two standard and the largest and most complete ever with the construction of the construction of the standard and profession. This is a ladding and without discussion. This is a ladding and states of the largest and most complete ever with the construction of the c the Pneumatic Gun company should furnish him with another. He had been uniformly against that kind of legislation, where inventors and designers besieged the doors of committee rooms and resorted to all sorts of log-rolling in order to get special enactments favorable to them. The whole thing was a broad faree. Cullom opposed the amendment and read several letters from high naval officers endorsing and commending Thomas' pians and specifications. Chandler said he had merely desired to call the attention of the senate to the manifest impropriety of the thing. Not only was it vicious to put Thomas' name in the bill; but if his plans and specifications were not approved by the Secretary of the navy, the construction of the ship must stop. Cullom said Thomas had been a member of the house for a good many years, and as a member of the naval committee, in that position he had given close attention to the subject of ships of war. It had turned out that Thomas' information, study and investigation had resulted in his making a plan for a cruiser, and that the navy department, after appointing a board for the purpose, had adopted and approved ment the senate adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

o-day sent the following nominations to

justice of the supreme court of the district of Columbia.

The senate confirmed a number of army and other appointments this afternoon, among them Joseph C. Breckenridge, to be inspector-general; Thos. J. Anderson, of Iowa, to be associate justice of the supreme court, Utah.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wm. A. Rucker, to be assistant paymaster-general, with the rank of colone; Major Charles M. Terrell, to be deputy paymaster-general, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-The presiden

agriculture.

The ways and means committee will not report the tariff bill to the house before Thursday.

The navy department is informed that Rear Admiral Chandler, commanding the Asiatic station, died at Hong Kong, yesterday from apoplexy.

A voluminous substitute has been reported to the senate for the bill passed by the house to prevent the use of the mails for the purpose of swindling by what is popularly known as "the green goods game."

popularly known as "the green goods game."

The Japanese minister to-day received a telegram from the minister of foreign affairs, Japan, saying the constitution of the empire was proclaimed by the emperor in person this morning amid great enthusiasm. Mutsu communicated the telegram to Bayard, who assured him the people of Japan had the best wishes of the government and people of the United States.

Col. Lamont said to-night the position he would occupy after March 4 was that of president of the Avenue C Railroad company, of New York City.

The secretary of war to-day transmitted to the house a statement of the chief signal officer of the army setting forth the very unsatisfactory condition of the signal corps and the inefficiency of the present lieutenants of that corps. Gen. Greely urges the passage of a reorganizatien bill for the improvement of the service generally. him, he has decided to appeal to the country at once on this question, knowing he can secure an easy victory, under cover of which he can retire from the government with flying colors, and with the annexation party bandaging a black eye. To furnish an excuse for this one of his adherents will demand of the liberal Quebec government what it proposes to do about Ben Butterworth's annexation resolution in the United States congress.

ner in which he had been nominated, and on account of his character. He admitted that the negro politicians were republicans, but declared the great mass of the negroes were not politicians. In South Carolina a good many wrongful and violent acts had been committed by the republicans when they had the ascendancy, and this had resulted in a division in the negro ranks and the formation of colored democratic clubs. The colored democrats had been ostracized, intimidated and overawed by the colored republicans, and the contestant, Smalls, had taken a leading part in this action. The day was past when the colored people would go up in a body, like senseless machines, to record a vote as they were told to do by people who lived on them and had not their interests at heart. The day had come when they were satisfied with the people among whom they lived, people who were their friends, people to whom they always appealed in distress.

Rowell, Illinois, said the gentleman from Georgia had spent much time in pro-ing Smalls guilty of bribery while a member of the state legislature, a proposition which shown by R. S. Hale & Co.'s Yale College Georgia had spent much time in pro-ing Smalls guilty of bribery while a member of the state legislature, a proposition which had no more bearing on this case than the question of whether the moon was inhabited. It had been brought in like a bull-dozing question for the purpose of justifying a vote to keep a man out of a seat to which he had been elected. The laws of South Carolina were framed for the express purpose of disfranchising the republican voters of that state. Under those laws there had been a systematic effort to deny to colored voters the right to register and to change their registration certificates. The gentleman from Georgia spoke about the intimidation of colored democrats by republicans of the same race. The governor of South Carolina had recently announced the paramount question in South Carolina to be the maintenance of Anglo-Saxon control. The paramount question was not that the majority should rule or that every legal voter might have his vote cast and counted, but to maintain and preserve Anglo-Saxon control. That was one patent fact in response to the talk of intimidation. Elliot held his seat on this floor not by reason of an election by the people, but by reason of an election held by the returning board of South Carolina. The majority of the committee had gone further than the returning board, and had thrown out two precincts which had run the gauntlet of both districts and state returning boards. Rowel ridiculed the charge of intimidation upon which the majority of the committee relied to throw out certain returns, and cited several pertinent instances to prove the existence of what he termed the lawless spirit which evening show the following conditions at the points named at 6 o'clock: Mandan—Cloudy, 20 above. Glendive—Clear and caim, 40 above.

Miles City—Clear, 45 above. Billings—Clear, 45 above. Big Timber—Clear, 40 above. Bozeman—Cloudy, 30 above. Livingston—Cloudy, 30 above. Missoula—Clear, 29 above. Missoula—Clear, 29 above.
Philipsburg—Clear and calm, 35 above.
Anaconda—Thawing, 36 above.
Butte—Clear, calm, 34 above.
Deer Lodge—Cloudy and calm, 40 above.
Marysville—Cloudy, 36 above.
Great Falls—Clear, calm, 46 above.
Fort Shaw—Clear, calm, 46 above.
Fort Renton—Clear, calm, 39 above.
Fort Assinaboine—Clear, calm, 38 above.
Battle Creek, N. W. T.—Calm, 39 above.

BUTTE, Feb. 11 .- | Special to the Indeendent. |- Reports of an alarming nature past ten days. There are at present seventeen cases of the disease at Granite alone.

what he termed the lawless spirit which manifestation of the first symptems.

prevailed in certain districts. Pending further debate the matter went over. Ad-

The Body of a Woman, Horribly Mutilated, Discovered in a Chest in London.

IS IT JACK THE RIPPER?

Have the Man Who Committed the Whitechapel Atrocities

FRENCH AFFAIRS.

the Boulangists...The Fight Thursday

n the chamber of deputies to-day. The

PERKINS' OPINION.

of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, has

written a letter analyzing the western rail-

frequent demoralization of rates. "If there is any blame to be attached to railroad

heads and not to the subordinates." That

QUEBEC, Feb. 11.-The wily old fox, Sir

NEW YORK, Feb. 11 .- Judge Barrett in

MEMPHIS, Feb. 11.-Father Ashfield, a

Catholic priest, was stabbed to the heart

Father Ashfield had befriended Reed, hav

ng procured his release from jail. The mur

to ask for the passage of the bill which was adopted by the senate to-day at once as an independent measure, rather than risk the delays and uncertainties attending an amendment to an apprepriation bill. The troubles that are feared are such as are incident to the discharge in a body of the laborers, whose means of earning their livelihood are thereby cut off, and who in their desperation and distress may resort to violence and bloodshed. It is understood it has been deemed wise by the authorities of the United States, Great Britain and other nations having a large number of their citizens employed on the Panama canal, to arrange for bringing them home in case of wholesale discharge, and not to suffer them to remain on the Isthmus in destitution and want. To provide for this the amount of the appropriation was increased from \$100,000 to \$250,000. There was but slight opposition to the passage of the bill.

ripped open and otherwise mutilated. The chest was so small that the murderer had been compelled to squeze the body into it. The husband of the woman was arrested.

A dispatch from Dundee says: The murderer of the woman whose mutilated remains were found in a chest there to-day is W. H. Bury, the husband of the victim. Bury was a resident of Whitechapel, London, and his antecedents, which have been traced, suggest he is probably "Jack, the Ripper," and that he is subject to fits of unconscious murder mania. A post mortem examination held on the body of the Dundee victim proved the woman had first been strangled and her body then mutilated, the abdomen being opened and the legs and arms twisted and broken. Bury says he left whitechapel three weeks ago. He refuses to say why he left there, and acknowledges he had no business requiring his attention at Dundee, the says he and his wife drank heavily last night before retiring, and that he does not know how he got to bed. Upon awakening, he says, he found his wife lying upon the floor with a rope around her neck. Actuated by a sudden mad impulse, for which he cannot yet account, he seized a knife and slashed the body. Upon reason returning, he became alarmed and hastily crushed the body into the chest, into which it was found, thinking ta fly and making his escape. He found, however he could not leave his wife's remains and finally resolved to inform the police. The theory of the police officials is that Bury's wife knew of facts connecting him with the east end atrocities, and that she took him to Dundee in the hope of preventing a recurrence of the crimes.

FRENCH AFFAIRS. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-Representative Grosvenor to-day offered a lengthy pre-amble and resolution relating to recent events in the second congressional district sassination of Hon. J. M. Clayton. The sassination of Hon. J. M. Clayton. The resolution provides that a committee of five members of the house, now members of the committee of elections, and elected to the Fifty-first congress, be appointed by the speaker to proceed without delay and take testimony touching the issues joined in the contest, ascertain all the facts relating to the election and contest and report to the next house of representatives. The resolution provides further that if in the opinion of the committee of elections of this house there is no authority of existing law to prosecute and carry on the contest under the circumstances described, then the committee is authorized to report by bill or otherwise such act or resolution as may be necessary to accomplish the object stated. The resolution was referred to the committee on elections.

chamber voted urgency for the debate on

governor of the National Soldier's home in this city.

Secret Dologs to be Made Public.

Washington, Feb. 11.—At the executive session of the senate to-day after a number of appointments had been favorably reported by committees and confirmed, the question of reproving the injection of the scrutin d'arrondissement. They were, he said, in 'he presence of party conditions and pretensions founded on treason. They must thwart an electoral conspiracy while waiting for the power of law to foil the unlawful conspiracy of the left. The chamber, by a vote of 290 to 266, then agreed to proceed with the discussion of the articles of the scrutin d'arrondissement bill, all of which were afterwards adopted. The members of the right demanded the final vote on the bill as a whole be an open one, each deputy declaring his vote from the tribune. This was agreed to.

The scrutin d'arrondissement bill passed by a vote of 268 to 222. The chamber then adjourned until Thursday.

ment the senate adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

After sparring as to precedence in the matter of consideration on behalf of several bills, Crisp, Georgia, as a question of the highest privilege, called up the Smalls-Elliott contested election case, and the house, by of 131 to 89, decided to consider it. Twenty-four democrats, including Thompson, California, voted with the republicans in the affirmative.

Crisp then took the floor for the presentation of the case. The committee had considered it in the light of established law. He proceeded to review the evidence in the case and entered upon an argument tending to disprove several material claims of the contestant. He then referred to the conviction of Smalls for accepting bribes while a state senator, and contended that that conviction has injured him with the colored people. Dalzell inquired what relevancy that had to the question of how many votes Smalls received at the late election. Crisp replied that the gentleman on the republican side assumed, because there was a colored majority in the district, the majority would vote for a colored man. He proposed to show that among the colored people of the district there were some good men who rebelled against being dictated to and required to vote for a man who had been convicted of high crime. He quoted the evidence to show that many colored republicans were opposed to Smalls on account of the manner in which he had been nominated, and on account of his character. He admitted that the negro politicians were republicans, but declared the great mass of the negroes

shown by R. S. Hale & Co.'s Yale College observatory thermometer, was as follows:

7 a. m., 35 degrees above zero; noon, 44, above; 6 p. m., 45 above; 10 p. m., 39 above.

Dispatches to the Independent last Dispatches to the INDEPENDENT last the supreme court to-day handed down an

opinion in which he denies the application opinion in which he denies the application of the North River Sugar Refining company, the recently dissolved member of the sugar trust, for a stay of proceedings pending an appeal to the general term. In his opinion he said an order staying proceedings upon judgment would not restore the corporation to life nor would it absolve its officers from obedience to our injunction.

derer was evidently crazy. He stabbed Father Ashfield in the heart with a pocket knife, while the latter was asleep. When the police arrived he was caressing the dead man's face. He said God told him to do it. The Samoan Conference BERLIN, Feb. 11 .- The resumption here of the sittings of the conference concerning

GIRLS ON THE GO.

Opened at New York Olty.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11 .- The six days in-

ternational bicycle race for women, eight hours daily, for the championship of the world, began this afternoon in Madison Square Garden. The following is a list of empetitors: Misses Hilda Suallor, Jessie Woods, Kitty Brown, Jessie Oaks, the Engish champion; Elsa Vonblumen, American champion; Lulu Hart, Maggie McShane, Mattie Stanley, Helen Baldwin, Hattie Lewis, Louise Fox, the Jersey Buttercup; Gertrude Frankel, Louise Armain do, the champion of the world; May Allen.

The start was made by Tony Pastor.
Miss Oaks, champion of England, will likely retire. She is suffering from pains in her side. Shortly before 12 o'clock Miss Armaindo grew weak while on the track and fell in the arms of her trainer. She was deathly pale and requested that a physician be summoned for her at once as she felt she was going to die. The doctor was called immediately. The woman has not been well for some time and has been unable to eat for the past few days. At 1 o'clock the score stood: Stanley, 102 miles; Baldwin, 98; Woods, 91; Vonblummen, 93; Armaindo, 88; Hart, 62; McShane, 65; Snallor, 84; Brown, 59; Oaks, 60; Lewis, 76. do, the champion of the world; May Allen.

WAR IN DAKOTA.

BISMARCK, Dak., Feb. 11.-In a message o the house of representatives Gov. Church Saturday attacked his predecessor bitterly and the legislature returned the attack with equal warmth, and then postponed their final answer till Monday to get it in

HAVE GIVEN IT UP.

sections, Massachusetts, Washington Territory and New Mexico being represented. Valla, W. T., was accompanied in his call by Hon. J. M. Butler, of this city, and Judge Gould, of Delhi. Allen made no cabinet suggestions to Gen. Harrison, but spoke urgently on behalf of his people for the admission of Washington Territory along with Dakota and others, stating his people were united and anxious for state-hood.

people were united and anxious for statehood.

Jas. A. Spradling, of Santa Fe, N. M.,
managing editor of the New Mexican,
called to advocate his old friend Gen. Pow
ell Clayton for a place in the cabinet. Mr.
Spradling is an earnest advocate of statehood for New Mexico, and vigorously repels the charge that the people of that territory are not prepared and able to successfully assume an independent government. He says the objections at this time
comes from a few politicians and bankers
in the territory who perceive if the territory is admitted they will lose their grip on
the control of affairs. The statement widely published that the official records of the
legislature and courts are kept in the Spanish language only he declared was a falsehood. He is the public printer of the territory.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Soudanese have evacuated Handowr. They destroyed the town by fire. Parnell will bring an action for libe against the Times in the Irish courts. A shock of earthquake was feit yester day at Bolton and Manchester, England. The report that Cardinal Ledochowski the primate of Poland, had died at Rome, was erroneous. about \$90,000.

A cablegram announces the death of Cardinal John Baptiste Pitra, second in rank in the sacred college. The steamer Haytien Republic, recently the cause of so much trouble with Hayti, arrived at Boston yesterday. E. E. Burden & Co., wholesale silver-ware dealers of Boston, have failed. The liabilities are thought to be heavy.

Susie B. the 16-year-old daughter of Col. D. R. Anthony, and Edwin Pearce, son of C. B. Pearce, were drowned yesterday while skating on a pond near Leavenworth, Kan. Luke Palmer, an old and respected citizen and a brother of Gen. John Palmer, of Illinois, was buncoed out of \$5,000 Saturday by a young man, who pretended to be a relative of a bank president of Mr. Palmer's acquaintered.

At a consistory yesterday the pope nominated for the cardinalate Monsignors Macchi and Dannibale, and the archbishop of Latarna. The condition of the pope's health prevented him from reading his allocution, but it will be published to-day.

ROME, Feb. 11 .- The value of the plunder cured by the mob in the recent riot is esmated at £25,000. The government possesses evidence that anarchist leaders fomented the agitation. The radicals of Milan made an attempt to-day to celebrate the revolt of 1853, but were forcibly dis-

A North Carolina Tragedy CHABLOTTE, N. C., Feb. 11.-News from Dovie county tells of a terrible tragedy, Wednesday. James Fowler and Alex

Campbell were suitors for the hand of Essie Evans, Campbell was successful. Fower enticed him into the woods and killed him. He returned to his room and shot himself fatally.

WILKESBARRE, Feb. 11 .- "Red Nosed Samoa will probably be delayed several Mike" Rizzolo was found guilty of murder Samoa will probably be delayed several Mike" Rizzolo was found guilty of murder weeks, awaiting the arrival of the special in the first degree, this morning, for the a crowd and the police charged. At Tip-

OCDEN REDEEMED

One of the Mormon Strongholds Carried by the Gentiles by a Good Majority.

TROOPS ON THE GROUND.

The Polygs Start the Ball by Arresting Liberal Voters, But Marshal Dyer Soon Stops

Their Fun.

OGDEN, Feb. 11 .- The most important ection that has ever taken placelin Utah took place to-day. It was a fight by the Gentiles or liberal party, for a foothold in the territory by the election of the mayor crowded at all its entrances, where the election proceeded at four different ballot boxes. The city voted as a whole and not by wards, and to accommodate the large number of voters four voting places were necessary. The Mormons, or people's party, now have the offices of the city, and at daylight brass bands and drum corps were promenading the streets. With the beginning of voting a system of intimidation commenced on the part of the Mormons by arresting Gentiles before they had a chance to vote and hurrying them off to jall. This was anticipated by the opposition party, who had Marshal Dyer present and a squad of United States troops quartered in the Broom hotel, across the street. The marshal at once stopped the arrests until the voter had a chance to tender his vote and be passed upon by the judges. After this the election passed off quietly. The result of the election is a complete victory for the liberal candidate for mayor, who is elected by a majority of 440. The balance of the ticket, including a full city council and the chief of pelice, was about the same majority. The Gentiles are jubilant over the result. at daylight brass bands and drum corps

with equal warmth, and then postponed their final answer till Monday to get it in better shape. After sending in his measare the governor closed up his office, which is considered as a direct snub by the legislature, then in session. There has been much talk about the matter and the indications of action looking to his prompt removal by the incoming president are very pronounced. It is held the closing of his office while the legislature was sitting is sufficient ground for asking for his immediate dismissal. Representative Jones says he will offer a resolution Monday asking that President Harrison remove Gov. Church at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of March 4.

The war between Gov. church and the legislature is still on. There were several measures proposed by different members as a means of defeating the governor by securing his immediate dismissal from his position, but the leaders of the house considered them to be not advisable just now. However, a resolution was adopted unanimously which will have the effect of cutting off, one way the governor had to return the fire of the legislature and the speakers and clerk are made the sole judges of what shall be received. The avowed purpose of the resolution is to prevent the governor from making another such attack as on Saturday, when he went for' the legislature, and his feeling in the matter grows more bitter all the time. There is some strong talk of adjudnment until a successor to Gov. Church is appointed. This action had about been given up until the recent engagement, and now the republicans in the house and council are willing to do almost anything to defeat Gov. Church.

HAVE GIVEN IT UP. in such a way that the section line passed through his c'aim he would have to file separately on each part crossing the section. A section, you know, is 640 acres. This wide expanse of territory includes the Gros Ventre, Piegan, Blood, Blackfeet and River Crow reservations, excepting the portion occupied by Forts Assinaboine and Belknap and the reduced Indian reservation. The Manitoba road runs through this entire 14,000,000 acres. Here is a portion of the act of congress which explains under what entries the land may be taken up," and the register pointed out the following

"An act to ratify and confirm an agree-ment with the Gros Ventre, Piegan, Blood, Blackfeet and River Crow Indians in Montana, and for other purposes.
"Be it enacted, etc., That said agreement be and is hereby accepted. ratified and con-

public domain of the United States and are hereby open to the operation of the laws regulating homestead entry, except section 2,301 of the Revised Statutes, and to entry under the townsite laws and the laws governing the disposal of coal lands, desert lands and mineral lands; but are not open to entry under any other laws regulating the sale or disposal of the public domain.

"Approved May I, 1888."

"You will notice," he said, continuing, "that none of this land can be taken up under the timber culture act.

"This is not all the land there is left, either; but I think its enough for you for one day."

while the thought of 14,000,000 acres of government land open for settlement was ringing in the reporter's head he ran across Col. Broadwater. "Is this correct colonel; 14,000,000 acres of land along the Manitoba

Col. Broadwater. "Is this correct colonel; 14,000,000 acres of land along the Manitoba left open for settlers."

"No, it isn't correct; there are 14,680,640 acres of that land, and it is the garden spot of the world. In two years time we'll show you that the most prosperous section of Montana is up in that Milk river country. The whole place is one rolling prairie, and is 1,200 feet lower than Helena. There is no longer any doubt as to the fertility of the soil; no irrigation is required, and as an illustration of what can be produced there I need only mention that for years past, at the Belknap agency farms seventy bushels of wheat and thirty-five bushels of oats to the acre is the regular crop, to say nothing of the vegetables grown there. All kinds of garden truck is raised. There is more inches of rainfall there annually, on account of the low altitude, than in any other portion of Montana. The country is exactly like that of Dakota from Jamestown to the Red River of the North, through which the Northern Pacific runs."

"Do you expect much immigration this summer?"

"Yes, a great deal of it. Three colonies are now being organized. One of these

summer?"
"Yes, a great deal of it. Three colonies are now being organized. One of these numbering 300 settlers, is preparing to come out and take up land along the Milk River. The other colonies are being made up in Minnesota and Wisconsin. There is the coming farming country, and for grazing lands it has no equal."

ompany, situated about six miles from railroad, has been shut down and the hands, numbering twenty odd, discharged. The owners of the mine allege as a reason for closing the mines that they could not mine the coal, pay the rates demanded by the railroad and compete with the Sand Coulee coal. It is claimed that the special rate the company was getting was raised so as to shut them out from competing with mines belonging to the road.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 11 .- A big postoffice robbery was committed at Amity Saturday night. The office is kept in the store of W. C. Harris, who is also postmaster. The thieves entered a window, blew open the safe with powder and abstracted \$7,000, part of which is government funds and part Harris' money.

ng financial houses of this city are negotiating with the object of forming a new combination to complete the Panama canal and prevent its passing into the hands of foreigners. DeLesseps, it is said, will be merely the honorary president of the new

PARIS, Feb. 11 .- It is reported that lead-

DUBLIN, Feb. 11 .- William O'Brien was conveyed from Clonmel to Tralee jail this morning under a strong guard. At Clon-Two men died within six hours after the commissioner, who is expected to be sent murder of Paymaster Freeman and his commissioner, who is expected to be sent companion.